METAL OXIDE VARISTORS TNR™ CHEMI-CON

TNR is a our metal oxide varistor metal oxide varistor having steep non-linear V-I characteristics and high discharge current capability, as follows:

Metal oxide varistor Features

- 1. Excellent transient voltage suppression
- 2. High discharge current capability
- 3. Wide range of voltage ratings
- 4. Symmetrical V-I characteristics (Non Polarity)
- 5. Fast response
- 6. Steady operation for repeating surge
- 7. Low temperature coefficient
- 8. High reliability
- 9. UL recognized
- 10. CSA recognized

Applications

- 1. Electronics instrument protection
- 2. Telephone system protection
- 3. Relay contact point protection
- 4. Rectification diode protection
- 5. SCR protection
- 6. Reduction of abnormal voltage in high voltage current
- 7. Switching transistor proteciton
- 8. Reduction of switching surge in electromagnetic brake
- 9. Prevention of error in digital circuit
- 10. Reduction of noise from an abnormal voltage

Group Chart



Part Numbering System

The current parts numbering system is changed to new system for global coding. Your cooperation will be very much appreciated.



1)Category		④Varistor Voltage		
Т	Metal Oxide	The first two digits are significant		
	Varistors	figures and the third one denotes		
	TNR	the number of following zeros.		
②Product Form		^⑤ Varistor Volt. Tolerance		
ND	Disk Type	K	±10%	
NL	Sleeve Type			
③Series		В	Bulk	
V-	V Series	Т	Taping	



CHEMI-CON

Technical Term	Description			
Varistor Voltage	Voltage across the varistor measured at CmA DC. C = 0.1 or 1.0 as specified.			
Max. Allowable Voltage (ACrms)	Maximum continuous sinusoidal RMS voltage which may be applied.			
Max. Allowable Voltage (DC)	Maximum continuous DC voltage which may be applied.			
Maximum Clamping Voltage	Peak voltage across the varistor, measured under conditions of a specified peak impulse current and specified waveform (8/20µs) applied 1 time.			
Rated Wattage	Maximum power that can be applied within the specified ambient temperature.			
Maximum Peak Current	Surge current withstand refers to the maximum current value that is within 10% of the varistor voltage against an initial value when the standard impulse current at 8/20 μ s in accordance with IEC standards is applied once or twice within a five-minute interval. If this value is exceeded, a Varistor malfunction may result. When selecting a Varistor, select one that has a higher rate for a surge current than the anticipated surge current rate.			
Current Wave Form for Clamping Voltage Test and Maximum Peak Current	Crest Value 100 90 50 10 20μs 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 100 100			
Energy	Surge energy withstand refers to the maximum energy value that is within 10% of the varistor voltage against an initial value when a 2ms shortwave is applied once. When a Varistor absorbs energy exceeding this value, it may malfunction. Therefore, when selecting a Varistor, select one that can withstand a higher energy surge than the anticipated surge energy rate.			
Capacitance	Typical value measured at a 1kHz test frequency. (Sin wave. Reference purpose only)			